

# CIELO

Cluster of Instruments for Equatorial and Low Latitude  
Observations

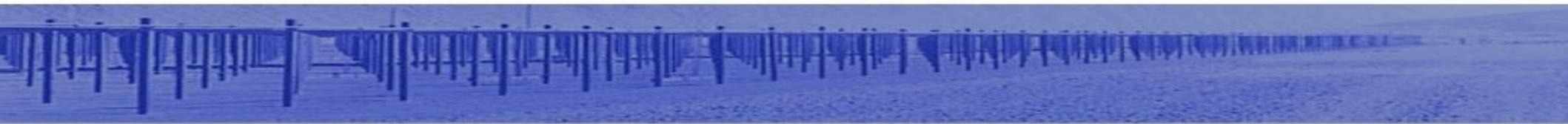
Multiple instruments from different institutions and  
researcher to observe the ionosphere

1. LISN distributed observatory
2. Optical instruments
3. Geomagnetic instruments

# LISN

Low latitude Ionospheric Sensor Network

- Distributed observatory.
- International project, multi instrument (GPS, magnetometer, ionosonde), multi institution(universities, public and private institutions).
- Monitors the low, middle and high atmosphere in the equatorial region with the purpose of studying and forecasting the ionospheric phenomena, with special emphasis in dynamic and photochemical energy transport processes.



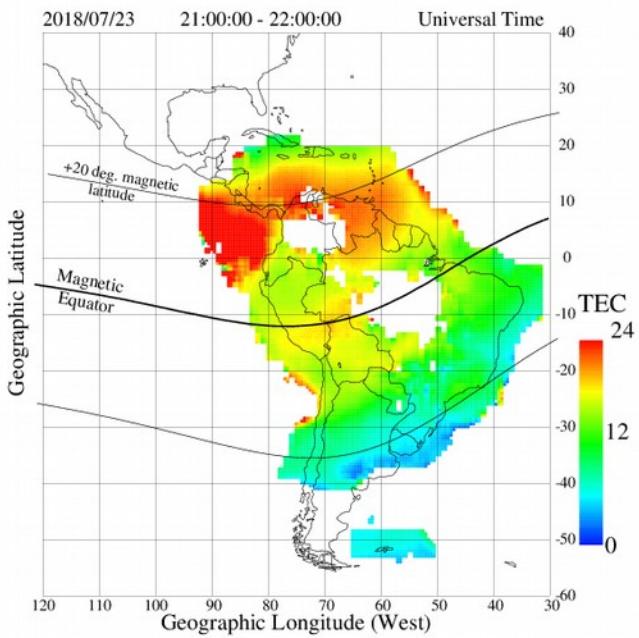
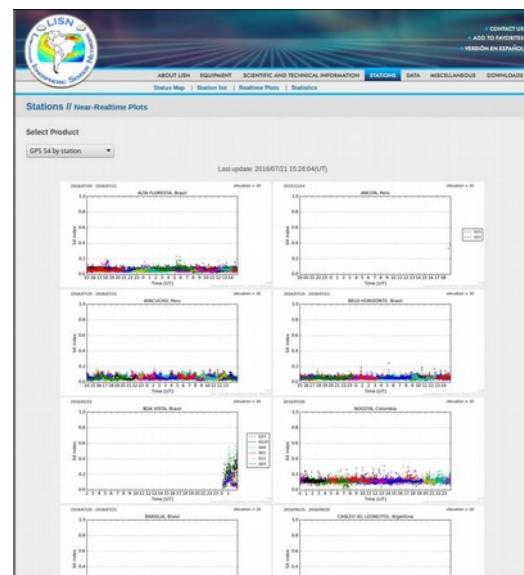
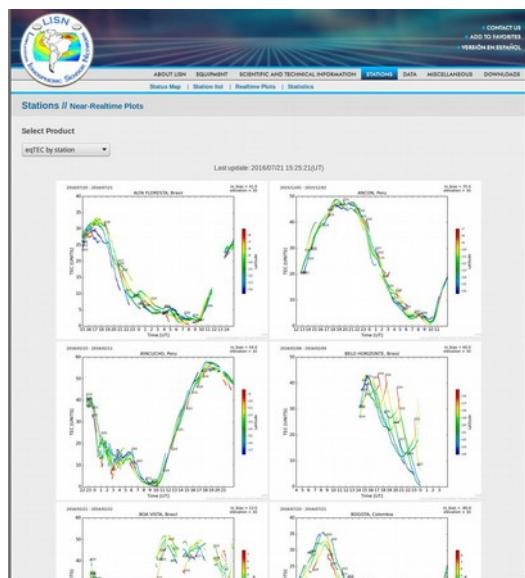
- LISN is a permanent array of new geophysical instruments in South America  
<http://lisn.igp.gob.pe/>



5 ionosondes  
50 GPS  
5 magnetometers

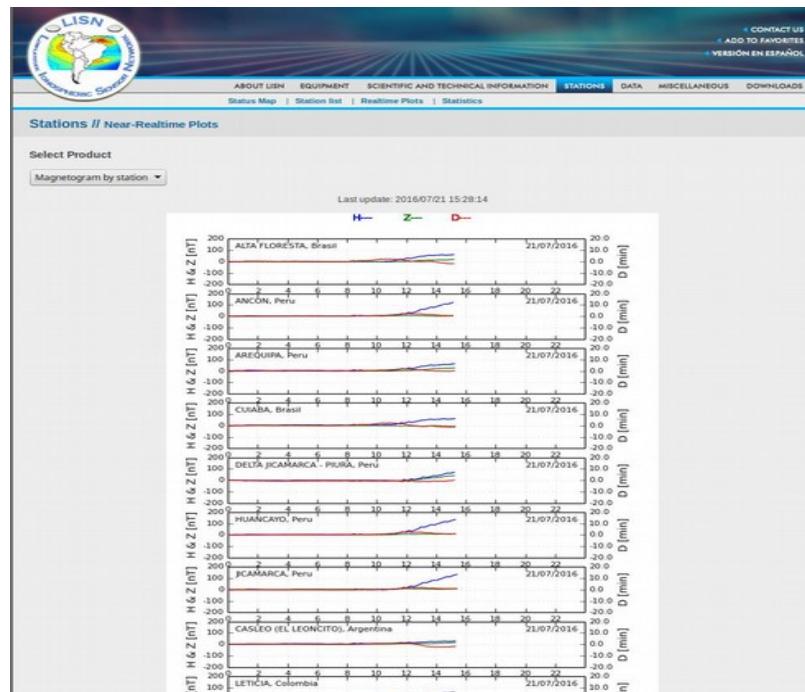
- GPS receivers

Provide precise measurements of the **TEC** and amplitude and phase **SCINTILLATIONS**.



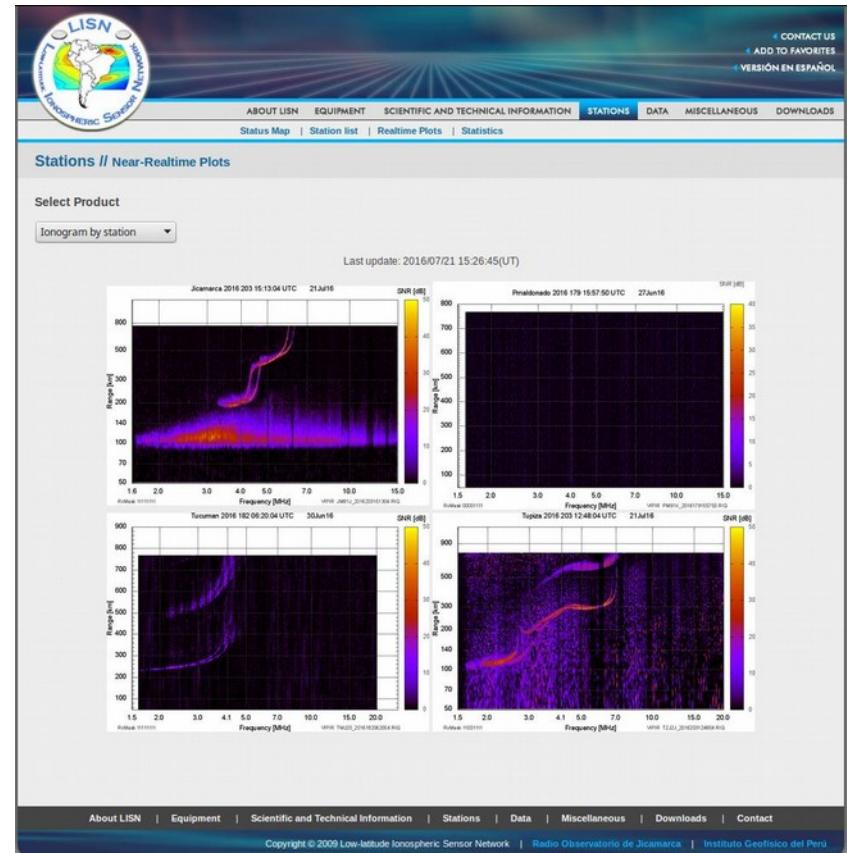
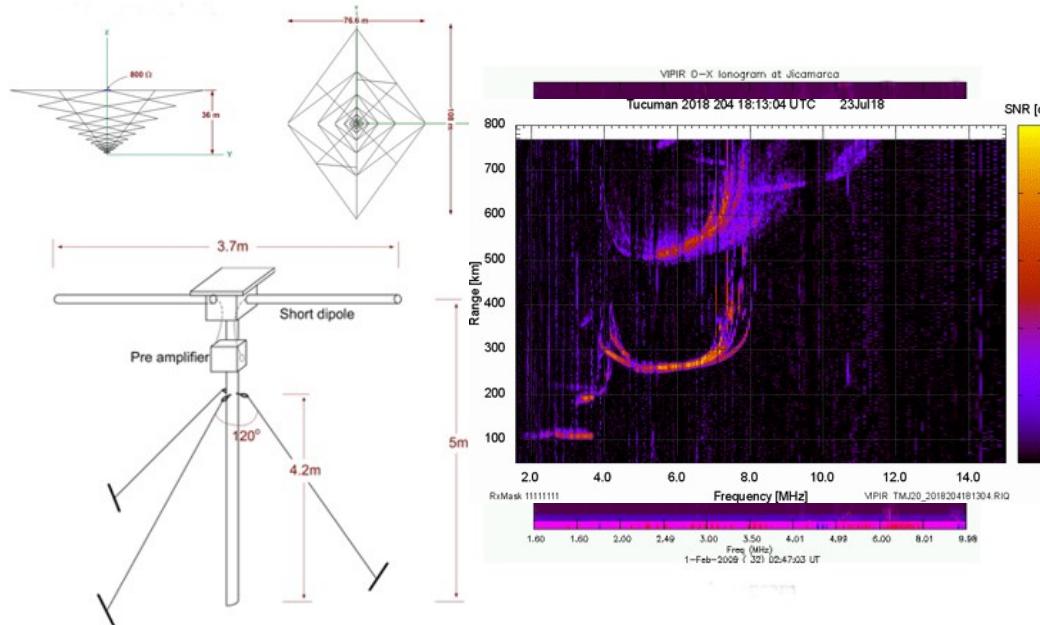
- Magnetometers

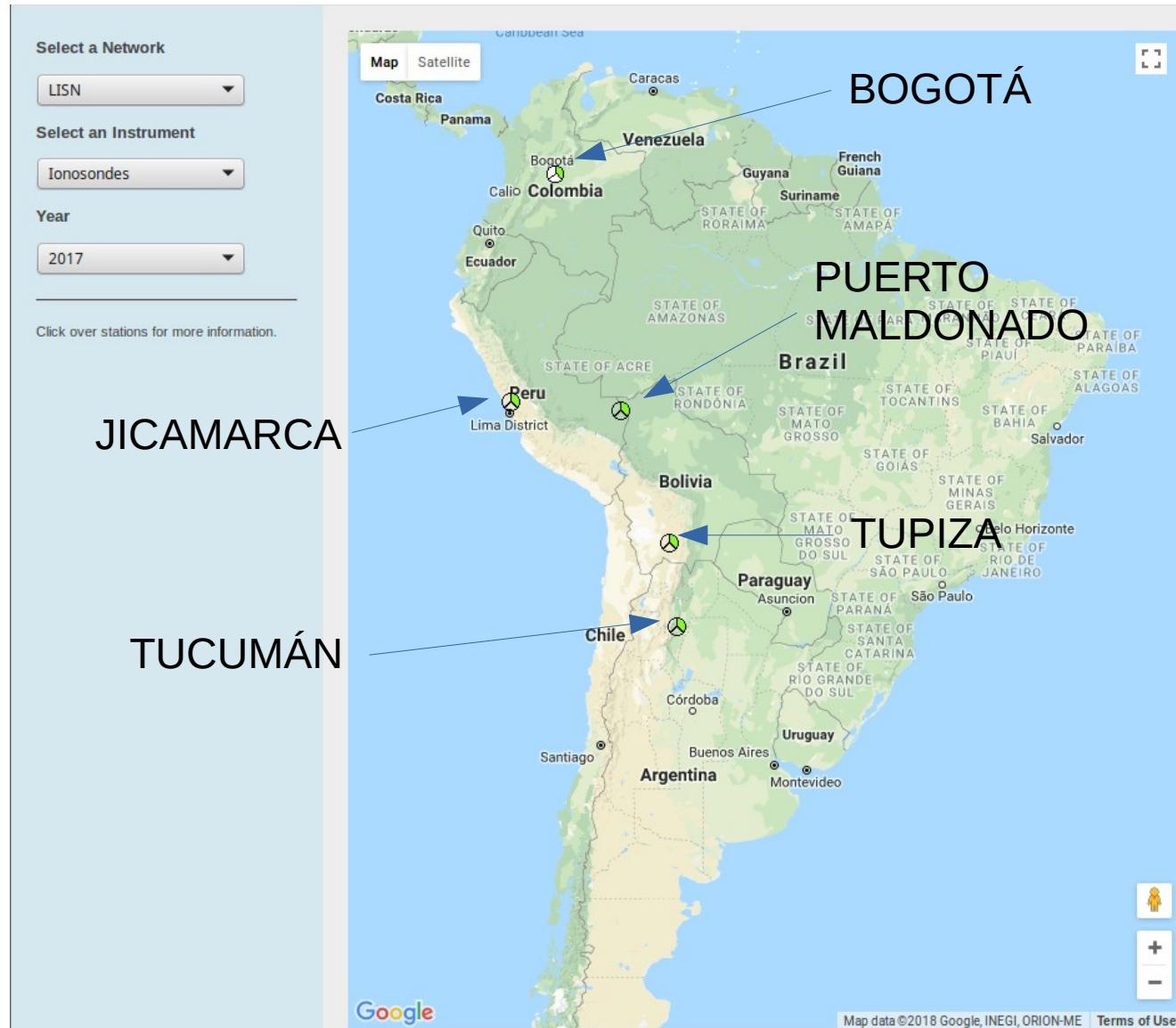
Measure the strength of magnetic fields. Currently, LISN operates six magnetometers located in magnetic stations, near the magnetic equator.



- Ionosondes

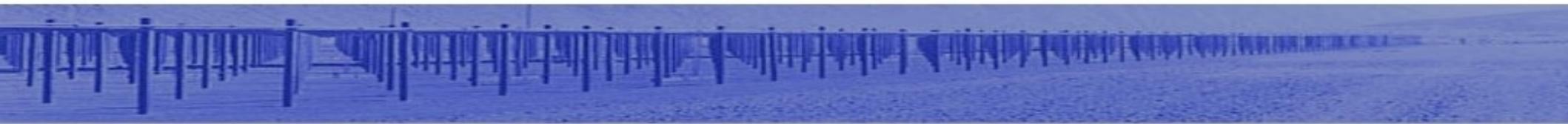
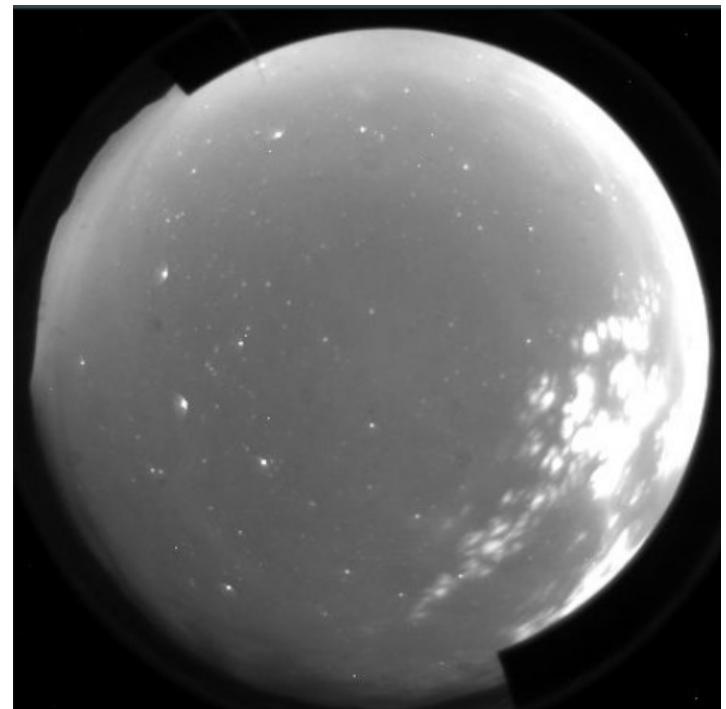
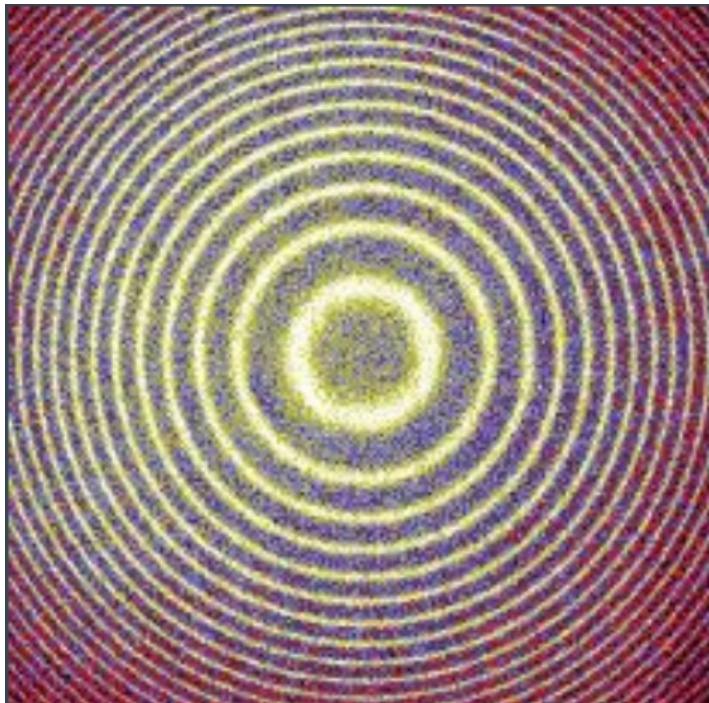
The ionosondes provide **virtual height** information and density profile estimates from the bottom side ionosphere. They also provide information about **drifts**.





# OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS

- Fabry – Perot interferometers:  
Neutral winds and  
temperatures.
- All Sky Imager:  
Gravity wave activity at  
mesosphere



# OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS

- Fabry – Perot network:



# GEOMAGNETISM

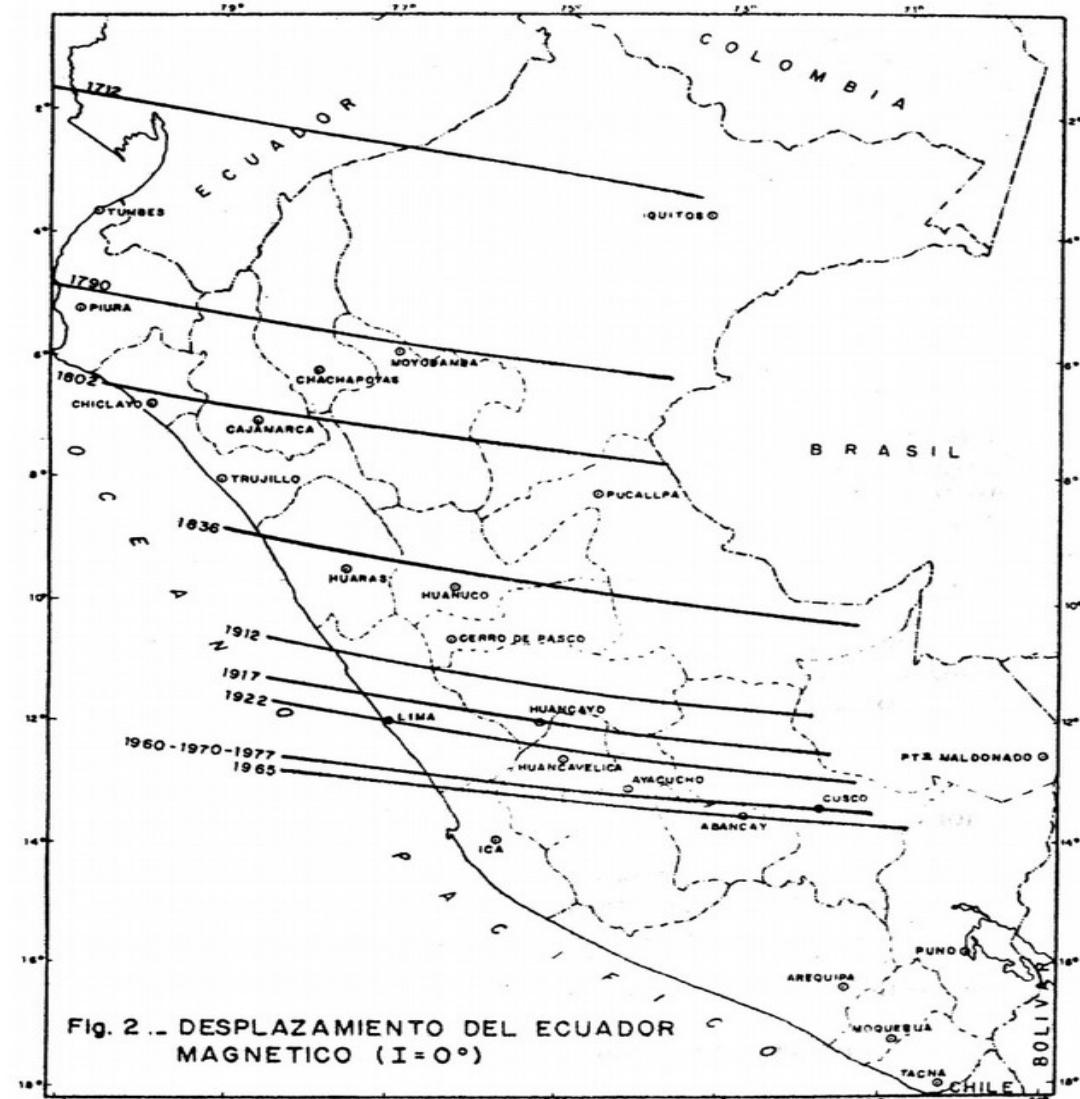
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- Historical notes
- Stations network
- Observation projects
- Instruments development

# GEOMAGNETIC EQUATOR

AUTOR.	AÑO.	INCLINACION.
Feuillée.....	1712	18. $^{\circ}$ 40' 0"
Malespina .....	1790	12. $^{\circ}$ 22' 30"
Humboldt.....	1802	9. $^{\circ}$ 54' 0"
Duperrey.....	1823	8. $^{\circ}$ 33' 0"
Fitz-Roy.....	1836	7. $^{\circ}$ 30' 0"
Vaillant.....	1836	6. $^{\circ}$ 56' 0"
Dupetit-Touars.....	1838	6. $^{\circ}$ 53' 0"
Belcher.....	1838	6. $^{\circ}$ 14' 0"

- Displacement of the magnetic equator line (Casaverde M, 1984)



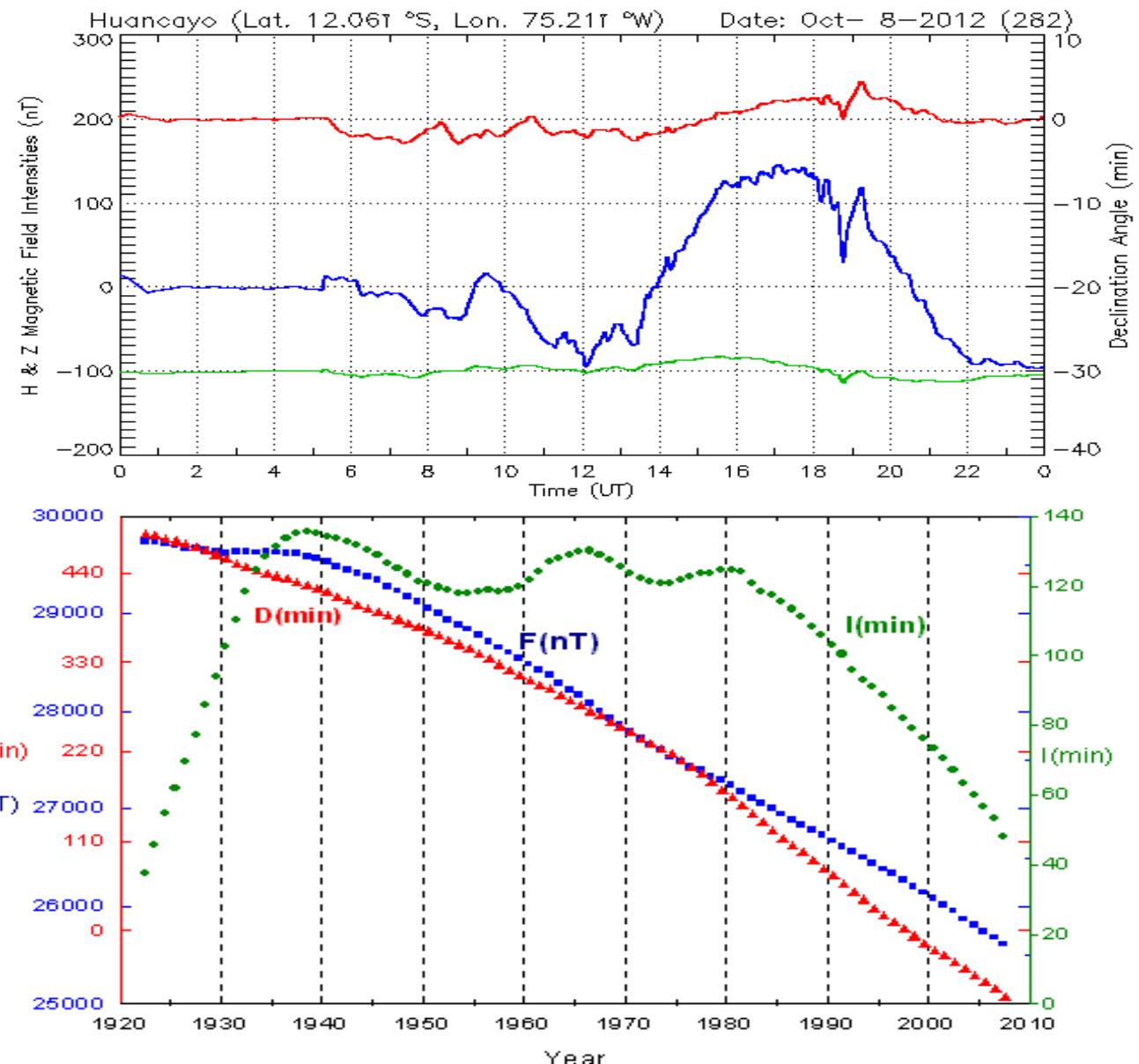
# GEOMAGNETIC OBSERVATIONS AT HUANCAYO

## DIURNAL VARIATIONS

Diurnal variations show an increased amplitude of the H component due to the equatorial electrojet.

## SECULAR VARIATION

Curves of secular variation of the magnetic declination (D), magnetic inclination (I) and total force (F) from 1922.



# OBSERVATORIO GEOMAGNETICO DE HUANCAYO



## UBICACION

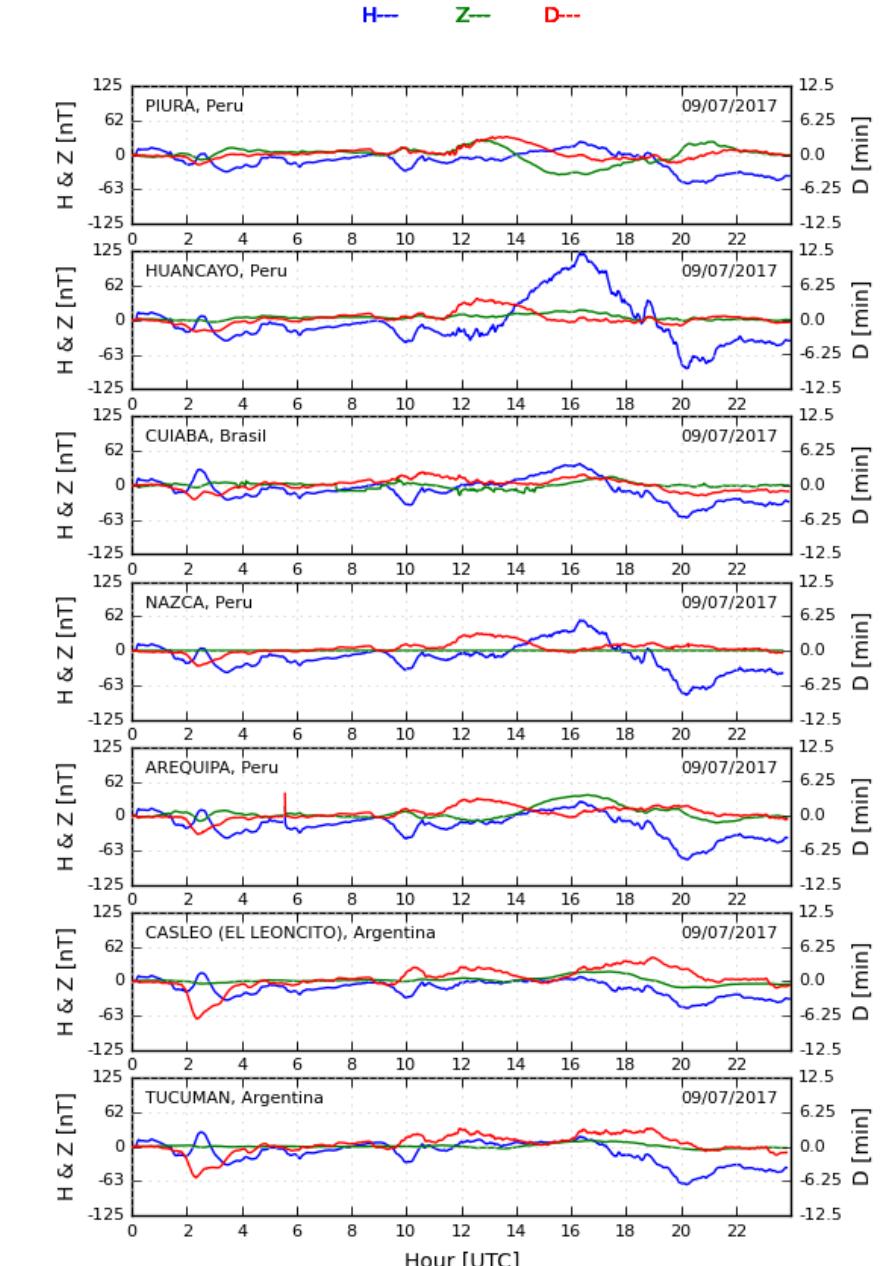
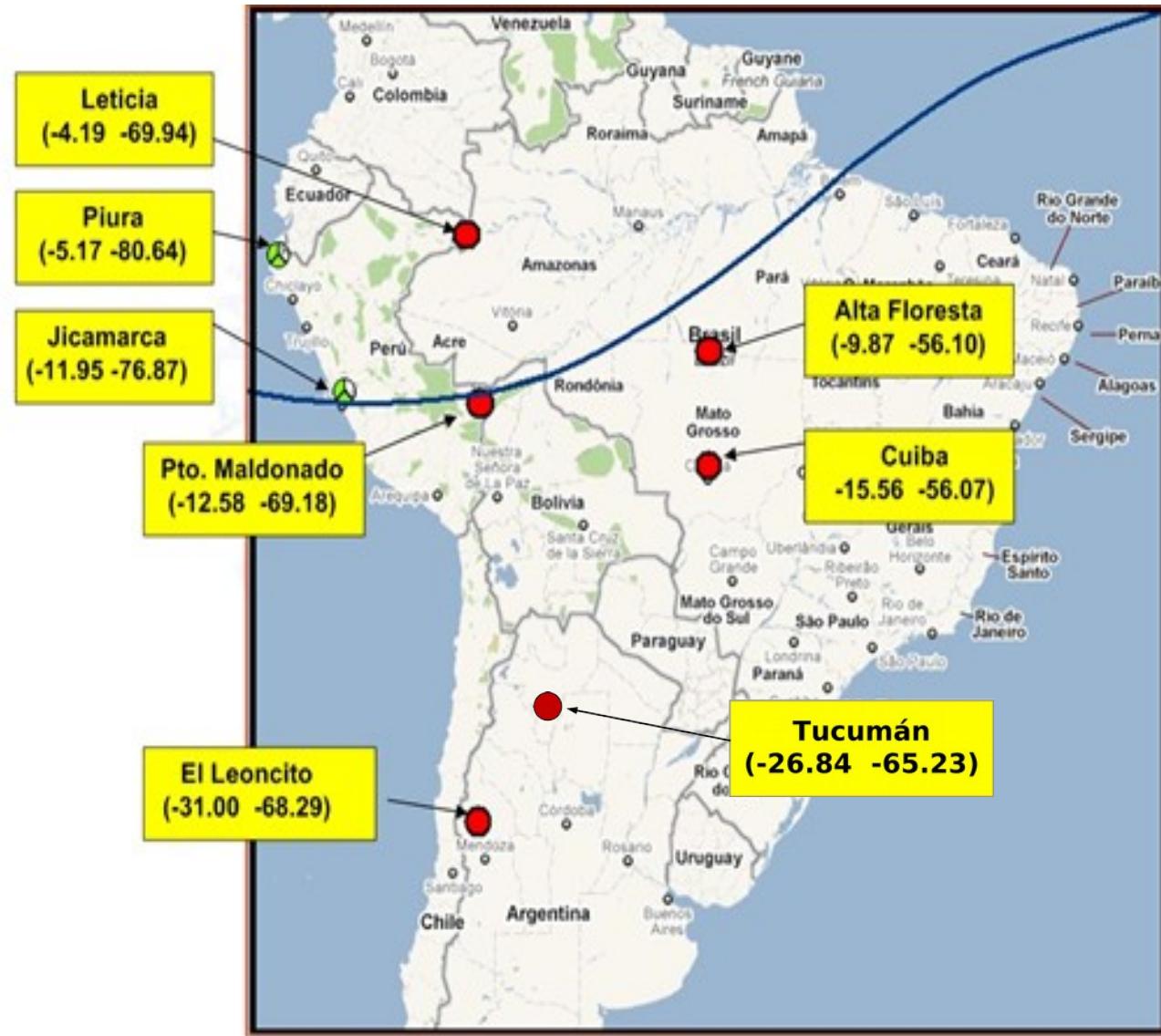
Lat. -12.04° S, Long. -75.82° W  
Gm.L(2005). -2.07° Gm. Lg(2005):356.97°

## OBJETIVO

Observacion continua de la actividad del campo geomagnetico y observaciones absolutas de las variaciones diurna y secular desde 1922

Variation Instrument	Time Res.	Starting Data	Ending Data
HDZ Fluxgate INTERMAGNET	1 Sec	July 1997	Operating and data is available in real time
XYZ Tokyo-ERI	1 Sec.	July 1997	Operating , data is available in real time Earthquake Research Institute of Japan
Eschenhagen DTM CIW No. 2 Variometer	1 Sec	1922	Operating at present, data is available in real time

# LISN (LOW LATITUDE IONOSPHERIC SENSOR NETWORK)



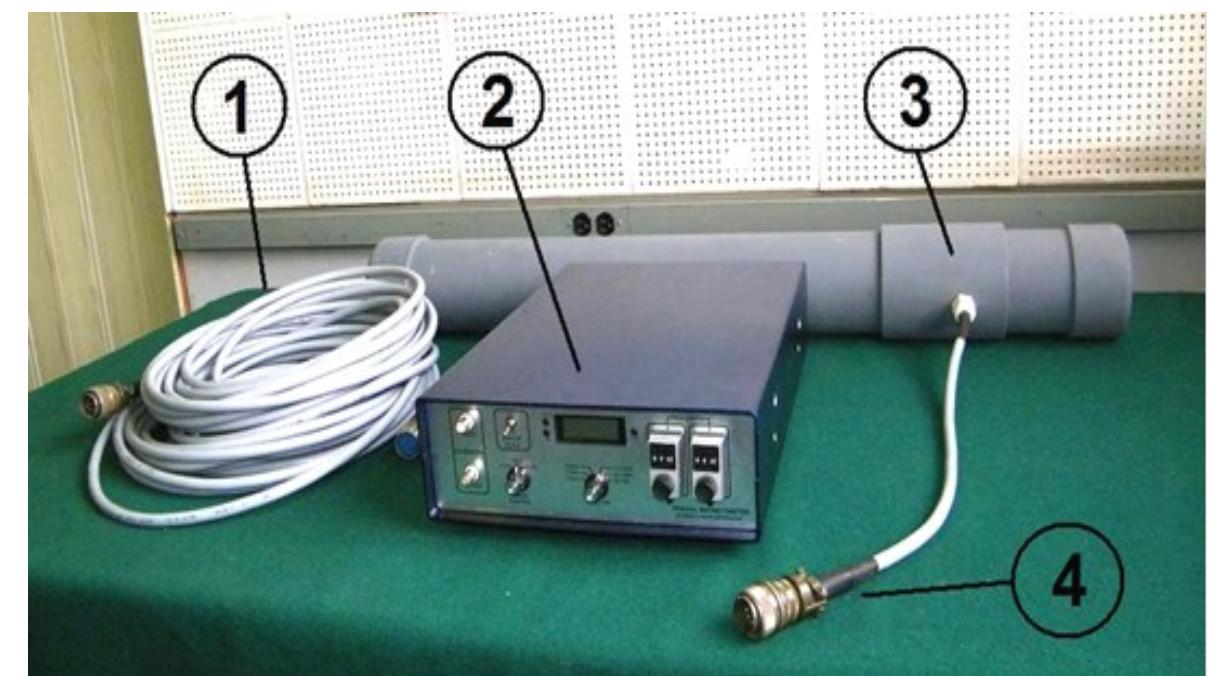
**The first requests of construction:**

## LISN MAGNETOMETERS

2006-2008 Development of 5 units for the LISN distributed observatory.

## EMBRACE MAGNETOMETERS

2009-2014 Development of 15 units for the EMBRACE network from Brazil.



## SENSOR UNIT

The detector is based on a Barington Fluxgate sensor, inserted in a heavy PVC tube, with double cylinder with a high precision leveling system.

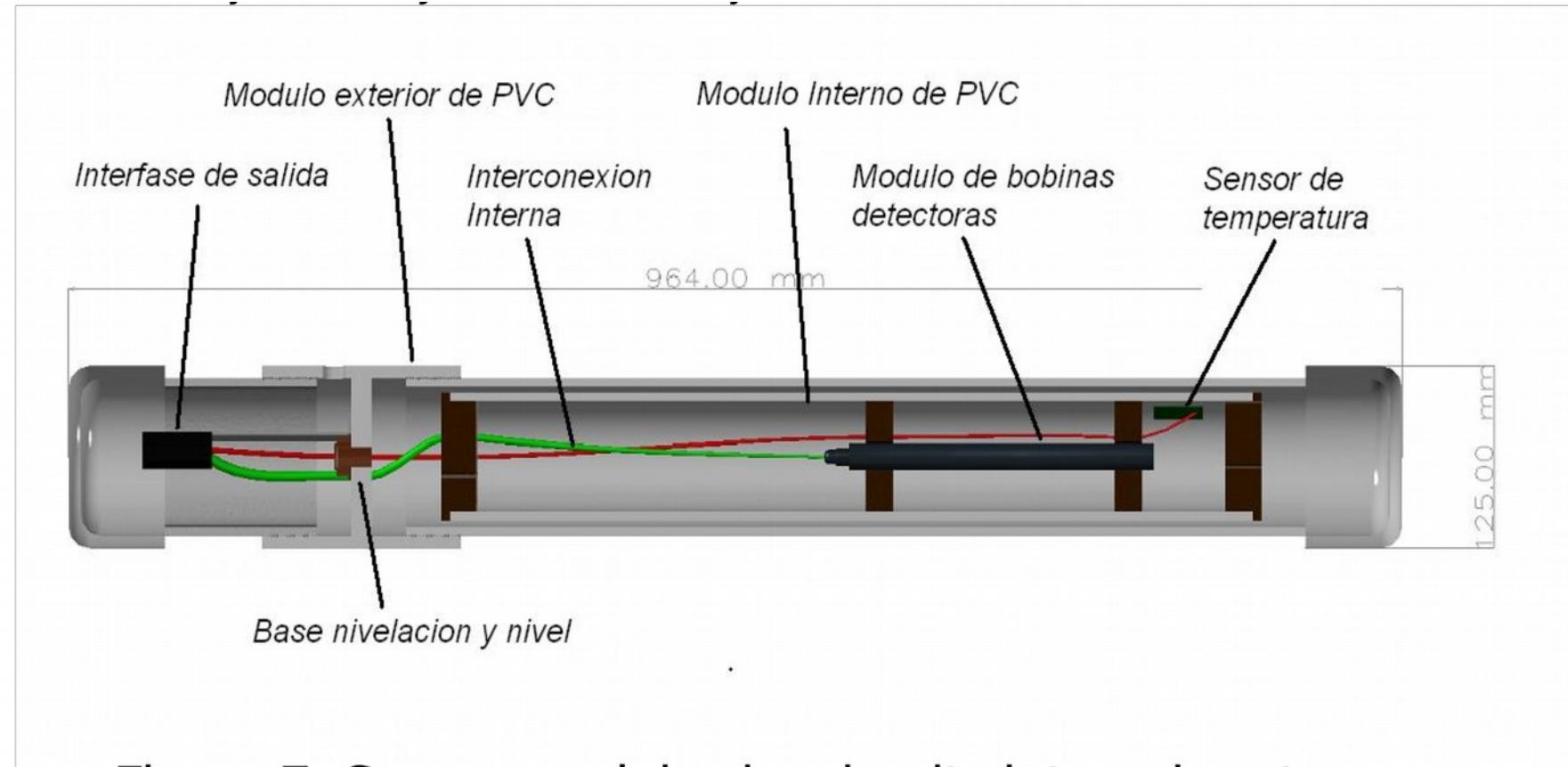
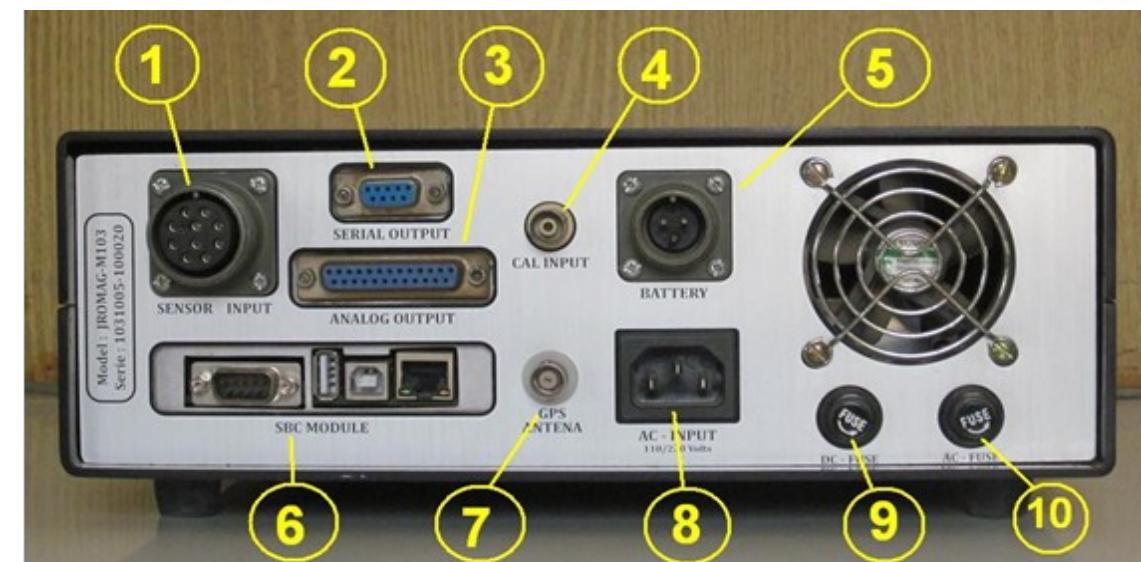
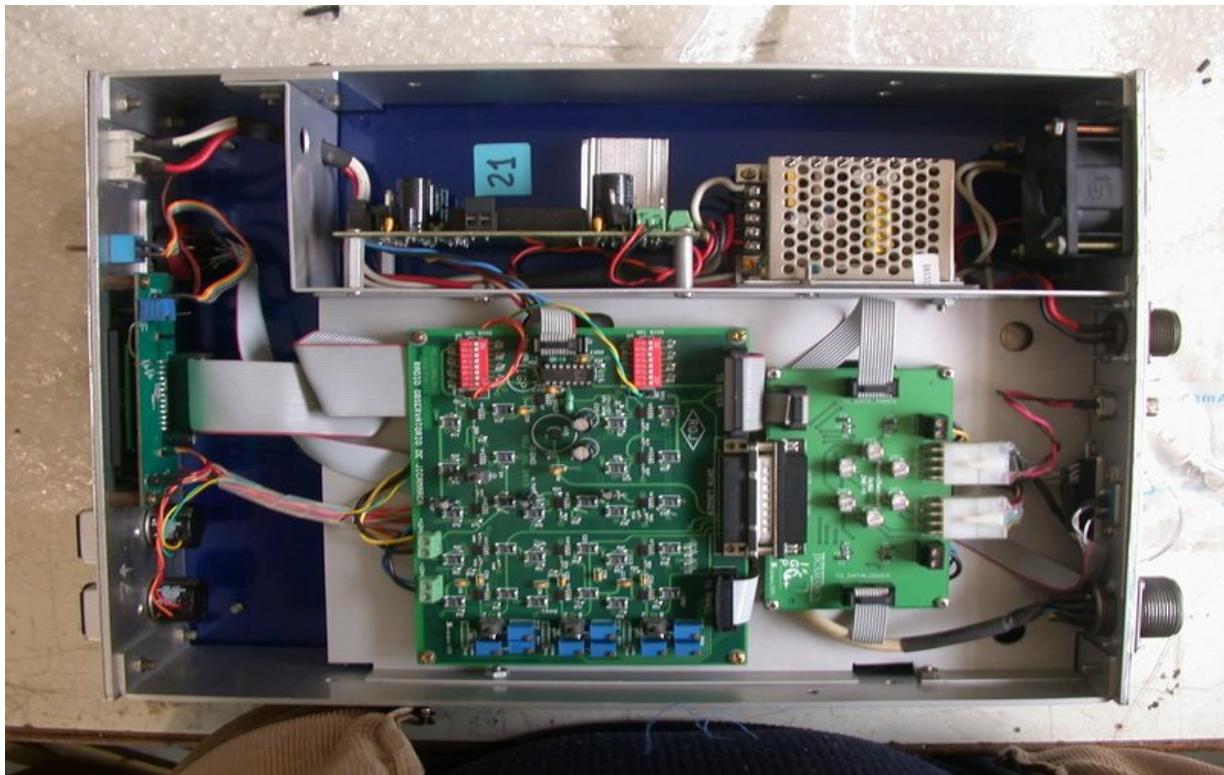
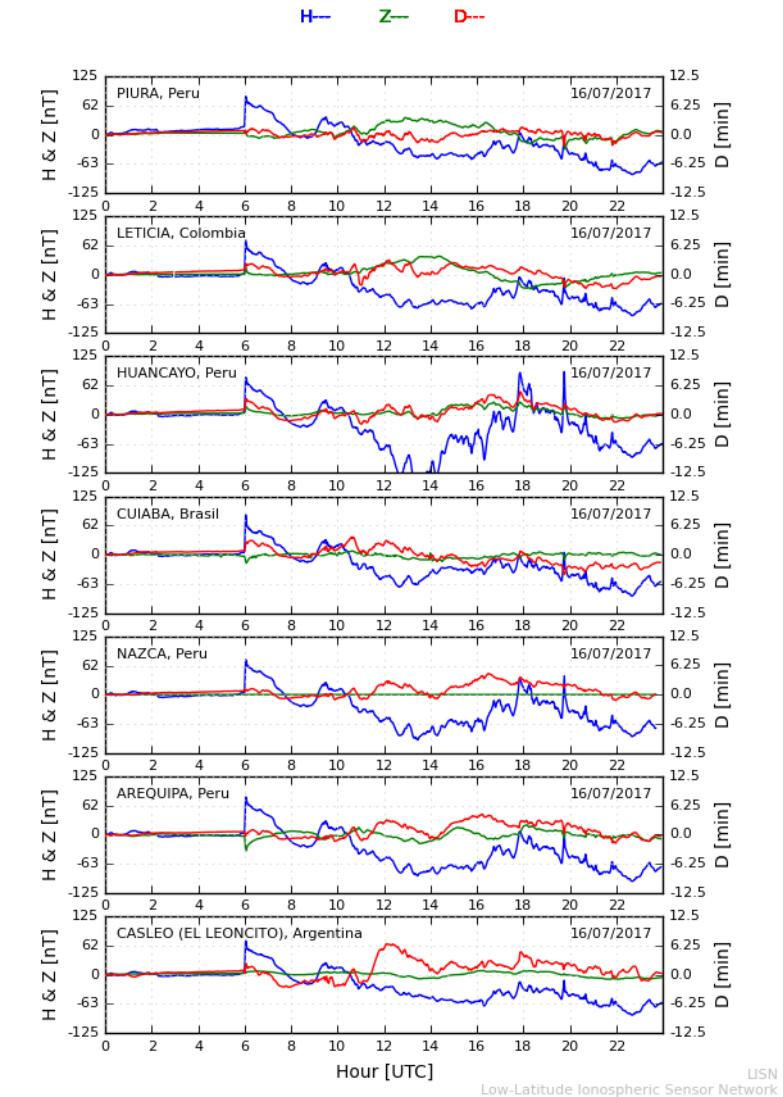
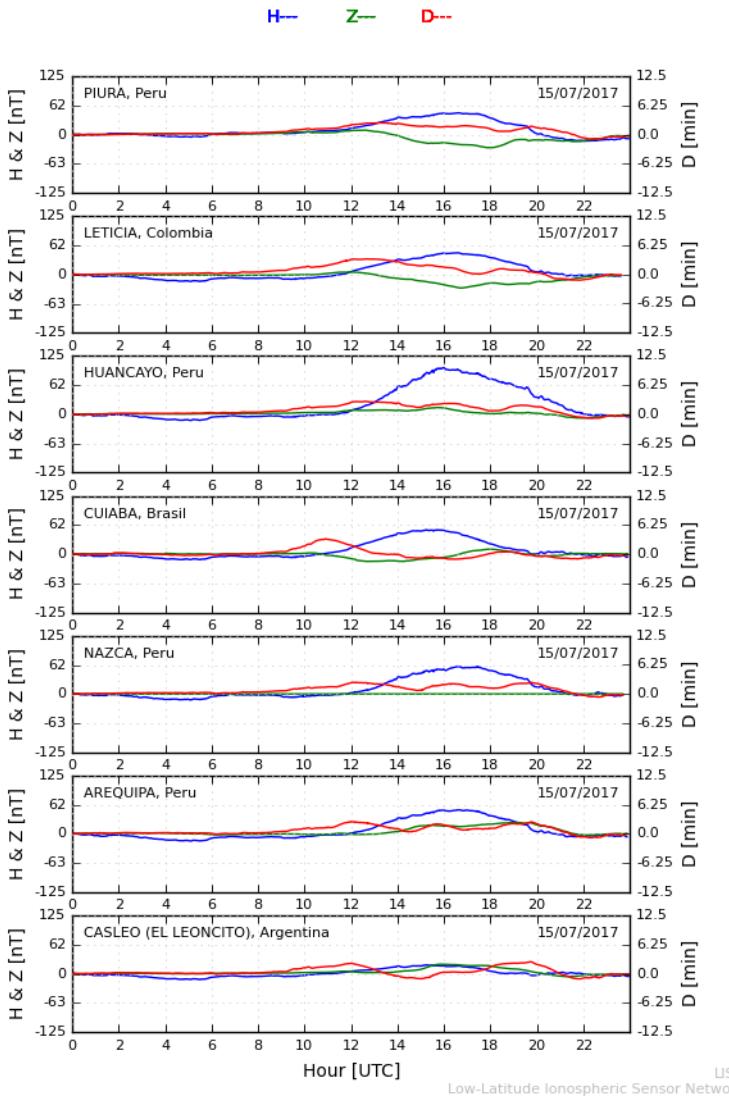


Figure 7. Sensor module showing its internal parts distribution and the locations of the coils.

# NEW MAGNETOMETER CONTROL UNIT



# LISN Network (LOW LATITUDE IONOSPHERIC SENSOR NETWORK)



<http://lispn.igp.gob.pe/stations realtime.php?type=mag>